

Open Critical Edition.
The Missing Link Between
Digital Humanities and Open Science

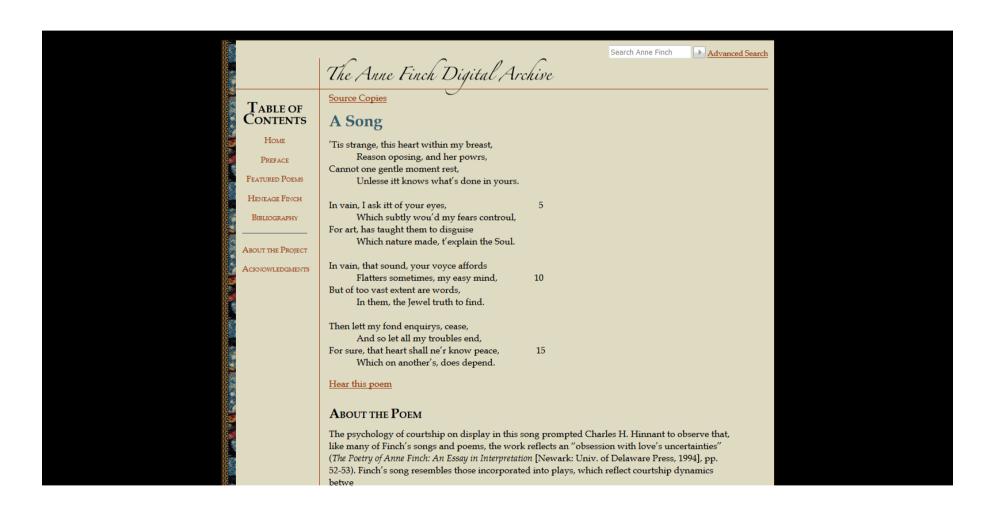




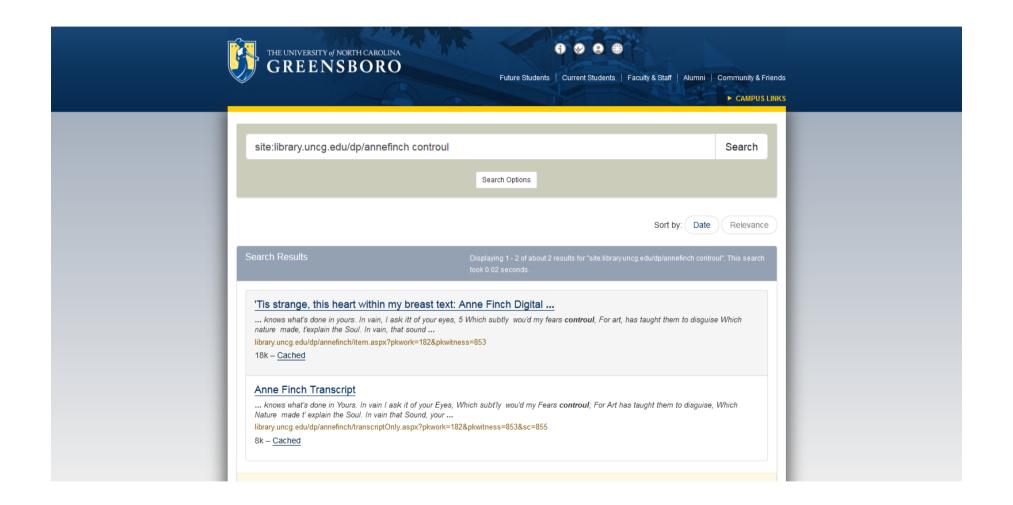
https://books.google.fr/books?id=tb4UAAAAQAAJ&hl=fr&pg=PA632#v=onepage&q&f=false

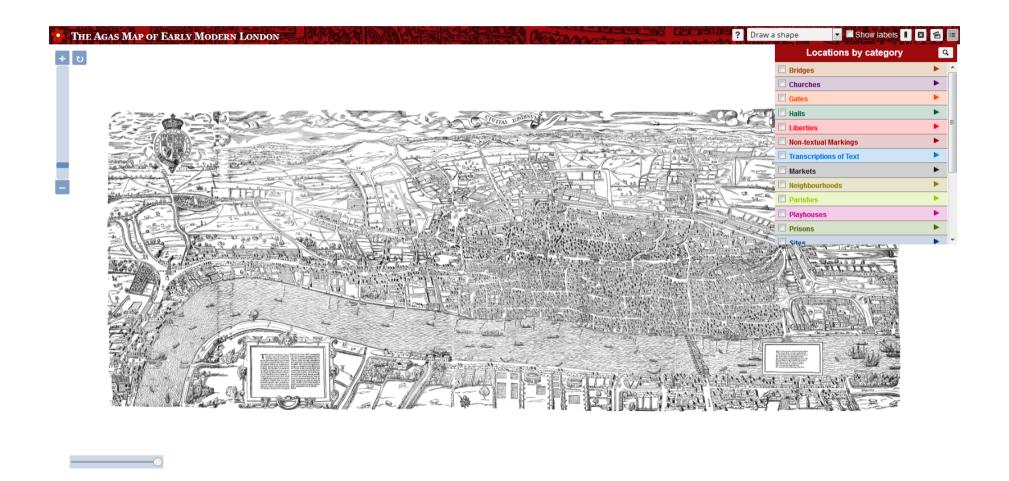
Search in Tertullianus  Search from Year  Verses Only  Lemmatised Search  Display (enter)  Dictionary display (ctrl+enter)	Carceris form analysis and translation based on Perseus (Version 2010): GEN S M Carcer N a prison, jail:  Georges, Ausführliches lateinisch-deutsches Handwörterbuch, 8. Aufl. (1913) carcer, eris, m. (sikulisch κάρκαρον), die Umriedigung, die Umzäunung, dah. I) das Gefängnis, der Kerker, Gewahrsam, A) eig.: nervus, carcer, moletrina, Cato fr.: ostium carceris, Cic. μ. carcerum custodes, Firm. math.: ratio carceris, Cic.: pienus carcer damnatis, Sen. rhet: vadere in carcerem, (show full text) Lewis & Short, A latin dictionary (1879) carcer, carcer, eris, m. Sicilian κάρκαρον; cf. O. Müll. Etrusk. 1, p. 13; etym. dub.; cf. scrinium, an enclosed place; hence, A prison, jail (syn.: custodia, vincula): si tresviri me in carcerem 79; Lucr. 3, 1016; (show full text) Gaffiot, Dictionnaire latin-français (2016, ex 1934), merci à G. Gréco, M. De Wilde, B. Maréchal, K. Ökubo! carcer carceř, eřis, m., 1 prison, cachot: in carcerem conjicere aliquem Cic. Nat. 2, 6, jeter qun en prison; in carcerem demissus LIV. 34, 44, 8; conditus LIV. 29, 22, 7, jeté, enfermé da	conpegerint, Plaut. Am. 1, 1, 3; id. Poen. 3, 3,
	CPL 1 0624C) CAPUT IV.	psam fortitudinem assumat.  Jladium gravem, et crucem excelsam, ista, a multis tamen aequo animo stro respondeatis. Longum est, si in conspectu propinquorum, ut eraclitus, qui se bubulo stercore ntempserint ignes: Dido, ne post um fillis suis in incendium patriae isset, maluit hostibus reddi et in irro vel urso horridiores, quas x (0626A) atheniensis? quae conscia it, ut nihil agere se scirent tormenta, o, ante aram nobiles quique tur maiore quidem titulo, si anima menta contemnant, sub praemio
	Tertullianus, Ad martyres, CAPUT III. <<< >>> CAPUT V.	hide dictionary links
Patrologia Latina Tertullianus	repositorium operum Latinorum apud universitatem Turicensem	Zürich™
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http://www.mlat.uzh.ch/MLS/xpl\_line.php?tabelle=Tertullianus\_cps999&rumpfid=Tertullianus\_cps999,%20Ad%20martyres,%20%20%204&id=Tertullianus\_cps999,%20Ad%20martyres,%20%20%204,%20%20%20%20%20%201&pl\_jump=1&corpus=2&lang=0&pl\_line=0625A



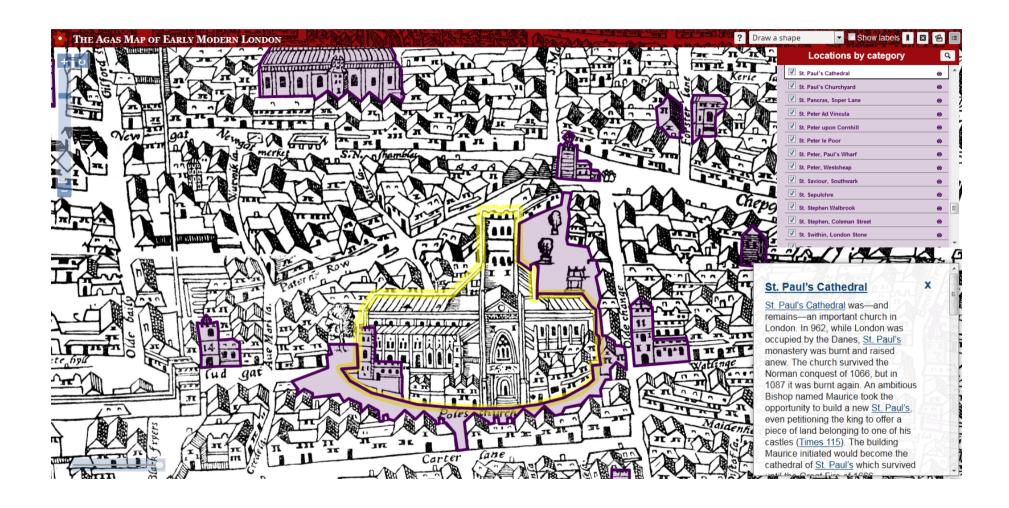
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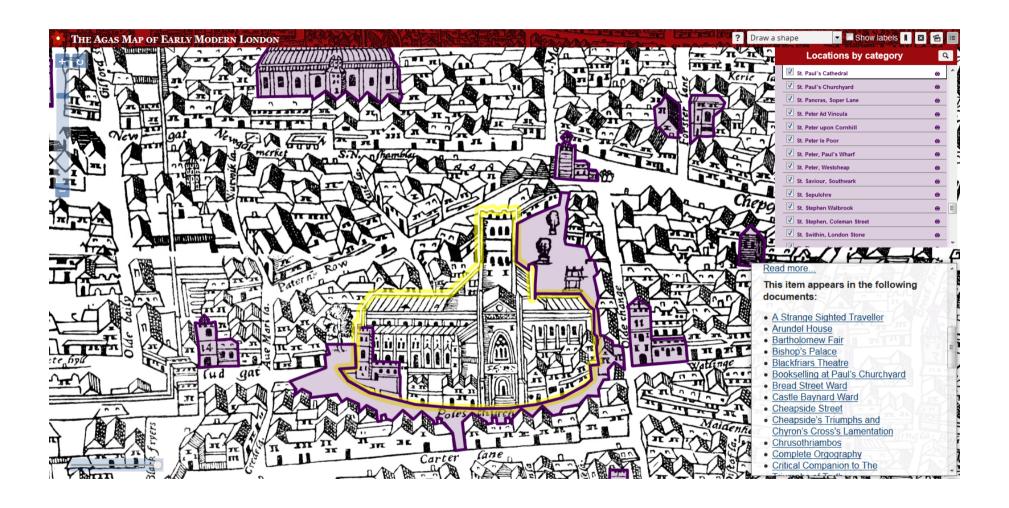


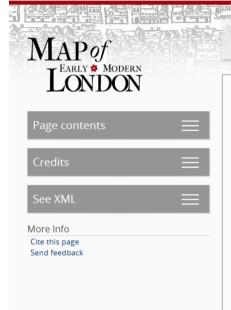


https://mapoflondon.uvic.ca/index.htm









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Go!

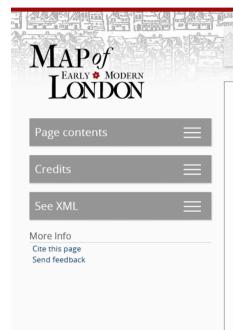
Home > Primary Sources > Library > Other Texts

#### A STRANGE SIGHTED TRAVELLER

♣ List documents mentioning A Strange Sighted Traveller

1

AN honest Country foole being gentle bred, Was by an odde conceited humor led, To trauell and some English fashions see, With fuch ftrange fights as heere at London be. Stuffing his purse with a good golden some, This wandring knight did to the Cittie come, And there a feruingman he entertaines, An honester in Newgate not remaines. He shew'd his Maister sights to him most strange, Great tall Pauls Steeple and the royall-Exchange: The Boffe at Billings-gate and London ftone, And at White. Hall the monstrous great Whales bone, Brought him to the banck-fide where Beares do dwell And vnto Shor-ditch where the whores keepe hell, Shew'd him the Lyons, Gyants in Guild-Hall, King Lud at Lud-gate the Babounes and all, At length his man, on all he had did pray, Shew'd him a theeuish trick and ran away, The Traueller turnd home exceeding ciuill, And fwore in London he had feene the Deuill.



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#### St. Paul's Cathedral

X

St. Paul's Cathedral was—and remains—an important church in London. In <u>962</u>, while London was occupied by the Danes, St. Paul's monastery was burnt and raised anew. The church survived the Norman conquest of <u>1066</u>, but in <u>1087</u> it was burnt again. An ambitious Bishop named Maurice took the opportunity to build a new St. Paul's, even petitioning the king to offer a piece of land belonging to one of his castles (Times 115). The building Maurice initiated would become the cathedral of St. Paul's which survived until the Great Fire of 1666.

Read more...

This item appears in the following documents:

A Ctropgo Cightod Trovalla

SCTA -Search Corpus Text ▼ Submit About -Log in

Min Close

#### Variants for paragraph 1

- · 1 Sententiarum] Magistri Petri Plaoul add. R SV
  - · While an important addition that identifies the author of this phrase, it is also out of place. Text is clearly referring to the prologue of Lombard "in which he [Lombard] says." It seems likely that later scribes somewhat violently added Plaoul's name here as part of way identify the author of the following commentary.
- · 2 clypeis] om. V
- 3 in] om. R SV S
  - · We prefer the inclusion of "in" here because we think it is important read "causa" in the ablative case, and because

#### pure humanitus adinventam iudex idoneus ferret pro fide sententiam]

Circa prologum Sententiarum [1] in quo Magister dicit quod intentionis suae est "munire Davidicam turrim vel potius munitam ostendere clypeis [2] " [a] etc. quaero istam quaestionem: utrum in [3] causa judiciali fidei contra traditionem [4] pure humanitus adinventam iudex ido 3 -- in 1 om. R SV S

Manuscript Images Comments -

Paragraph Text Tools -

#### [Conclusio]

Et inprimis protestatur quod fides non subicitur humano iudicio, et haec est una conclusio. Patet quia fides est donum Dei supernaturale et est de illis de quibus

Max ▲ 50% Min → Close

Paragraph no. 1 | Navigate: Next | Select Another Witness: reims sorb svict vat



Text Tool Bar scta.lombardpress.org/text/lectio1#lbp-variant3

Text Home

Text Outline

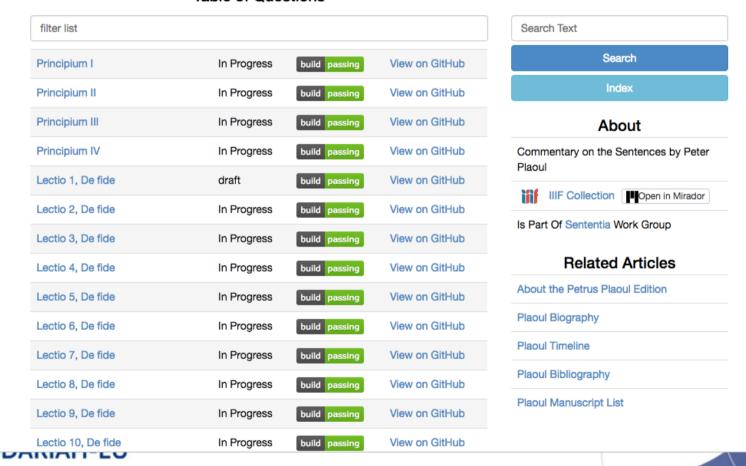
Previous

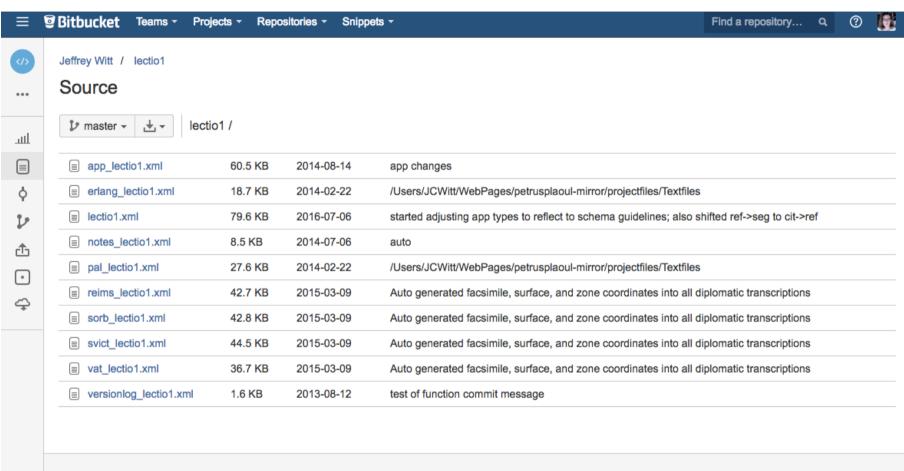
Next **Available Transcriptions**  Text Tools -

SCTA - Text - Search Corpus Submit About - Log in

#### **Plaoul Commentary**

#### **Table of Questions**





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#### Information for: Lectio 1, De fide

(select links below for more information)

Publication Information (publifo datastream | metadata count: 4)

dc11: title	Lectio 1, De fide
http://scta.info/property/status	draft
http://www.loc.gov/loc.terms/relators/AUT	http://scta.info/resource/peter-plaoul
rdf: <b>type</b>	http://scta.info/resource/expression

Content Information (contentInfo datastream | metadata count: 0)

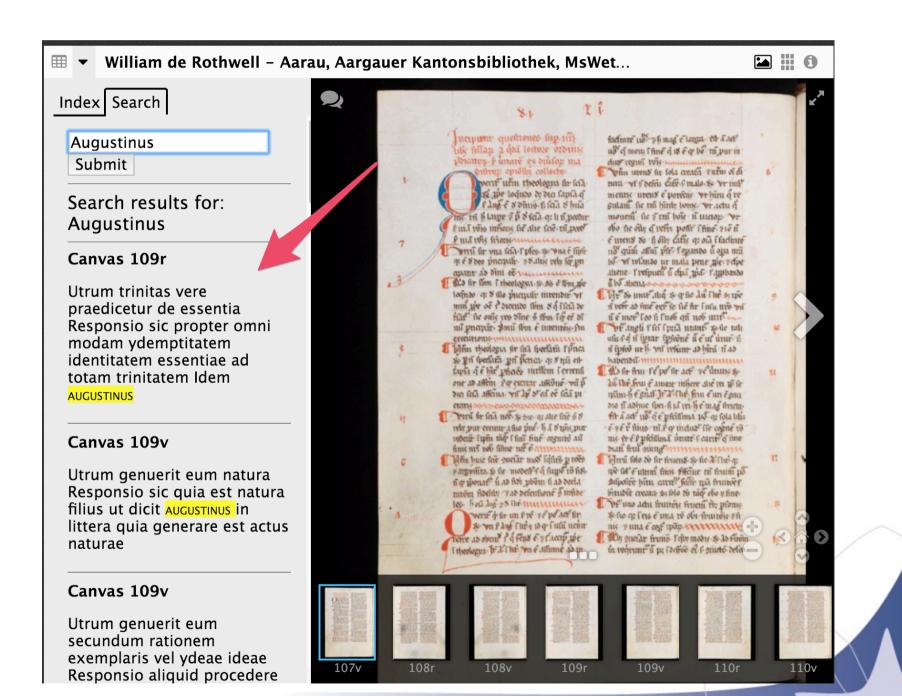
Linking Information (linkingInfo datastream | metadata count: 6)

dc: isPartOf	http://scta.info/resource/pp-deFide
http://scta.info/property/hasManifestation	http://scta.info/resource/lectio1/critical
http://scta.info/property/hasManifestation	http://scta.info/resource/lectio1/reims
http://scta.info/property/hasManifestation	http://scta.info/resource/lectio1/sorb
http://scta.info/property/hasManifestation	http://scta.info/resource/lectio1/svict
http://scta.info/property/hasManifestation	http://scta.info/resource/lectio1/vat

Uncategorized (misclnfo datastream | metadata count: 55)



http://scta.info/property/editedBy	Jeffrey C. Witt	
http://scta.info/property/expressionType	http://scta.info/resource/lectio	
http://scta.info/property/gitRepository	https://bitbucket.org/jeffreycwitt/lectio1	Oxygen XN



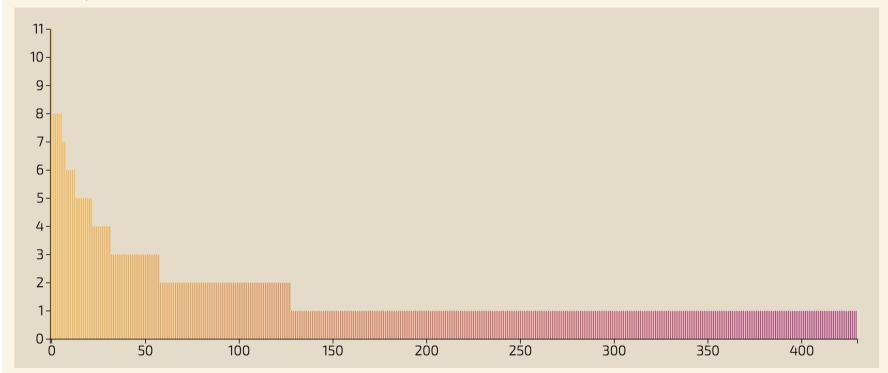




#### Frequency of Use of Biblical Quotations

A Graph that shows the frequency of use of biblical quotations in medieval Sentences commentaries

#### Back to Graph List







# Digital Humanities and Critical Edition: The Text Encoding Initiative



#### **Bibliographic search**

## Digital libraries of manuscripts and rare books

**Identifying texts in manuscripts** 

**Computer assisted collation** 

**Computer-assisted stemmatics** 

Identifying sources in a text

**Structuring the edited text** 

**Analysing the edited text** 

## WHY?

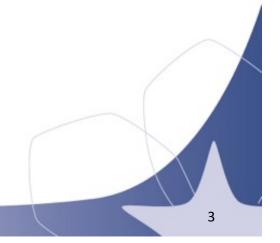


- To share a common modelling
- To privilege sense over sensibility aspect

Thema:

To be free from proprietary formats





16.12.16 Referentin:

## HOW?



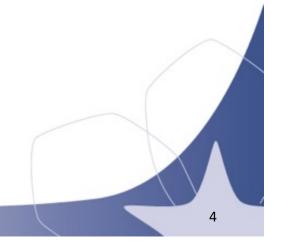
## The Text Encoding Initiative (TEI)

- Rules for modelling (the Guidelines)
- A way to implement those rules (XML schema)

Thema:

A community of users (the TEI Consortium)





16.12.16 Referentin:

## XML?

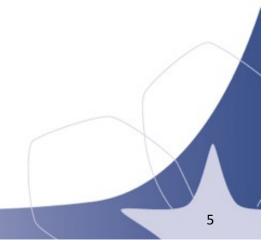


- eXtensible Markup Language
- Uses "tags", which may have "attributes"

Thema:

TEI XML = full-text + database





11.3. Vens dauker deiger. 12.53.



HArthemandus senior comes de Quibor<sup>(2)</sup> et M[argarita]<sup>(3)</sup> comitissa uxor illius omnibus presentem paginam intuentibus salutem in omnium salvatore. Quoniam labilis [2]est hominum memoria veterum auctoritate sanctitum est, ut ea que fiunt scripture testimonio roborentur. Noverint igitur tam presentes quam futuri nos totum [3]jus quod habemus in linguis boum qui mactantur in villa sancti Mauricii de Chablasio, seu etiam redditus qui de predictis linguis possunt provenire. [4]contulisse ecclesie Agaunensi, ad honorem Dei omnipotentis, Beate et gloriose genitricis sue, beatorum martyrum Mauricii sociorumque ejus in eadem ecclesia quiescentium [5]atque omnium simul sanctorum, exigentibus quoque meritis venerabilium in Christo N[antelmi] (4) divina permissione abbatis et conventus Deo et sanctis ibidem servientium, [6]et tenore presentium concedimus liberaliter et absolute in perpetuum possidendos ac insuper in remissionem nostrorum et parentum atque omnium antecessorum nostrorum peccaminum. [7]Inhibemus ne aliquis nostre concessionis paginam audeat infringere seu etiam ausu temerario ei contraire, quod siquis diabolica suggestione presumpserit attemp[8]tare indignationem dei omnipotentis et beatorum martyrum Mauricii sociorumque ejus se sentiat<sup>(a)</sup> incursurum. Datum anno Domini M° CC° L° III°, VI° nonas julii.

Suscription : décline l'identité de l'auteur de l'acte : nom personnel ± titre ± formule de dévotion (« par la grâce de Dieu » etc.), dite plus justement formule « de légitimation » par les diplomatistes allemands (cf. « évêque par la grâce du Saint-Siège »).

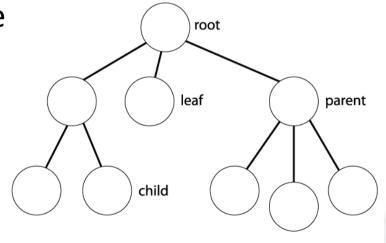
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## Representing the Text: XML

Describes the data in a document with tags, optionally qualified with attributes

Tree structure





#### **XML SOURCE: AN EXAMPLE**





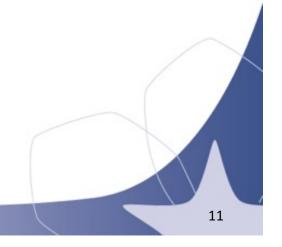
16.12.16 ReferentIn: Thema: 10



#### Controlling the Text: TEI Schema

- provide rules for structuring the document beyond the rules of XML
- Implements the TEI Guidelines







#### Displaying the Text: CSS and XSLT

- CSS: simple, comes from the HTML world
- XSL: much more developed and powerful
- Usage:
  - Transforming XML into HTML, for display
  - Converting from one XML format to another



16.12.16



### Querying the Text: XQuery and XPath

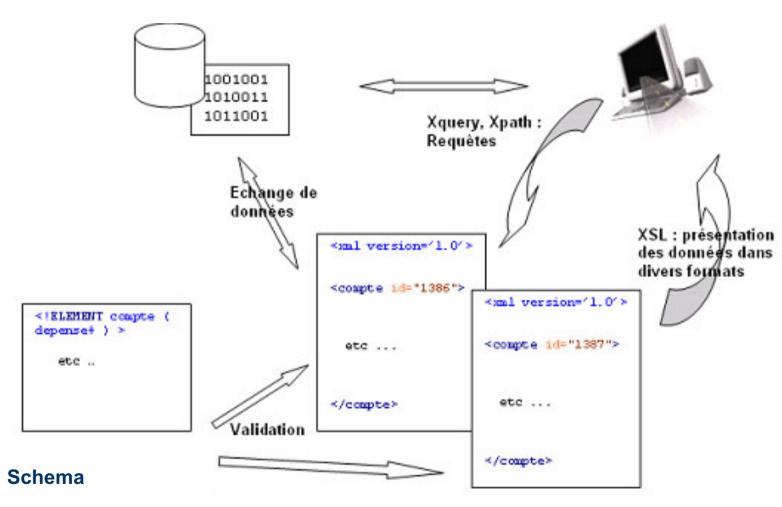
- Query languages, defined by W3C recommendations
- XQuery: more complex and powerful, but also more difficult to use
- XPath: selects parts of XML documents; much used within XSLT



16.12.16 Referentln: Thema:

## Databases and software with parsers

#### **User interaction**

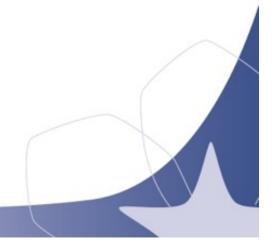


**XML** documents









## **EXAMPLE: A POEM**

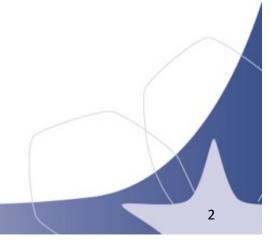


Helen Mort, "North of Everywhere", in *Blackbox Manifold*, issue 7, Oct. 2011

Thema:

http://www.manifold.group.shef.ac.uk/issue7/Helen Mort7.html





16.12.16 Referentln:



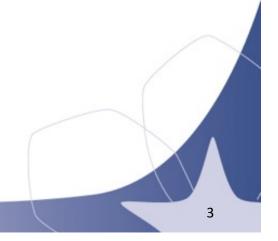
#### Proceeding the metadata: the header

- <fileDesc> contains all the basic information:
  - <titleStmt> grouping together <title> and <author>
  - publicationStmt> : which licence for this edition, etc.

Thema:

<sourceDesc>: full-text description of the source from which this edition derives







#### \* Encoding the structure:

- - <head>: "(heading) contains any type of heading, for example the title of a section, or the heading of a list, glossary, manuscript description, etc."
  - <l>: "(verse line) contains a single, possibly incomplete, line of verse."



16.12.16 Referentln: Thema: 4

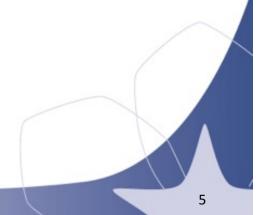


- Proceeding the data (1a): mentions place names
  - placeName>: "contains an absolute or relative place name."

#### Example:

... past <placeName>Sheffield</placeName>'s border lands







#### Perioding the data (1b.1): identify the places

- In the header, add section <profileDesc> (" (text-profile description) provides a detailed description of non-bibliographic aspects of a text, specifically the languages and sublanguages used, the situation in which it was produced, the participants and their setting ")
- <settingDesc>: "(setting description) describes the setting or settings within which a language interaction takes place, or other places otherwise referred to in a text, edition, or metadata. "
  - listPlaces>: "(list of places) contains a list of places, optionally followed by a list of relationships (other than containment) defined amongst them."
    - - <!ocation>
        - <geo>
      - <note>





#### Example:





- PEncoding the data (1b.2): link place names to places
  - Add @ref attribute to <placeName>, pointing to the @xml:id attribute of a <place>

#### Example:

... past <placeName ref="#she">Sheffield</placeName>'s border lands

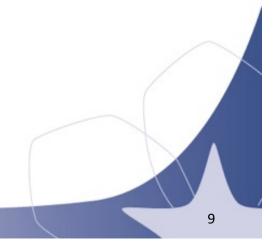




Let's visualise our encoding:

http://ciham-digital.huma-num.fr/datacite/





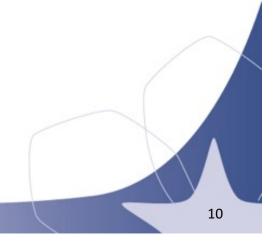
#### WHAT HAPPENED?



- XSLT script => transformation of the XML into a web page using Leaflet, a javascript script
- Leaflet: uses <a href="OpenStreetMap">OpenStreetMap</a> data layers to add the places you have encoded on a map

Thema:





16.12.16 Referentin:



- Proceeding the data (2): mentions of animals
  - <term>: "contains a single-word, multi-word, or symbolic designation which is regarded as a technical term."
  - @ref on <term>: "(reference) provides an explicit means of locating a full definition or identity for the entity being named by means of one or more URIs."

#### Example:

```
... a resting <term ref="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gull">gull</term>
```

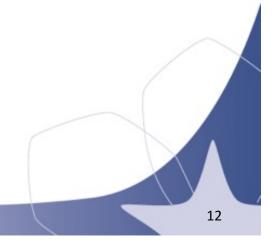




Let's visualise our encoding (again):

http://ciham-digital.huma-num.fr/datacite/



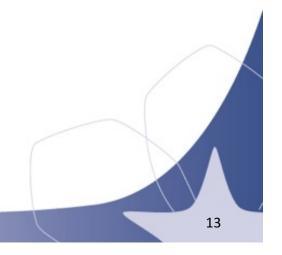


16 ReferentIn: Thema:

# Thanks

Thema:





16.12.16 ReferentIn:



# Digital Humanities and Critical Edition: Opening up TEI data with LOD: an introduction





# Digital Humanities and Critical Edition: Opening up TEI data with LOD: an introduction



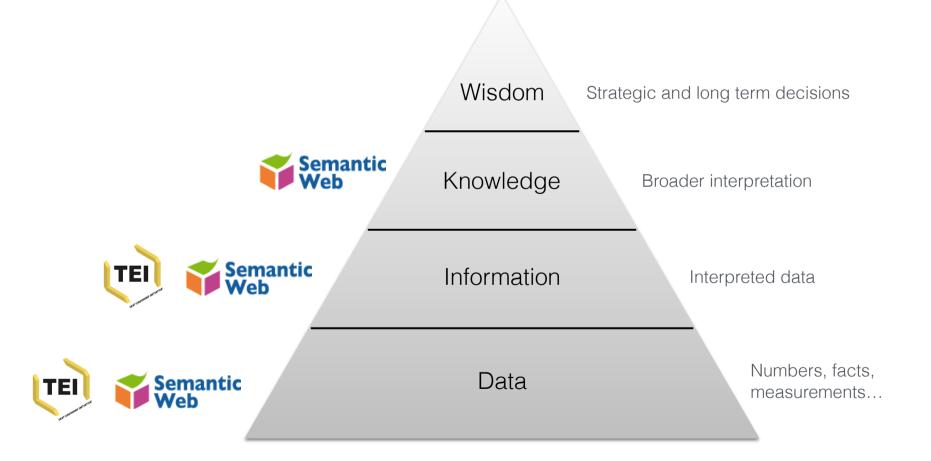
### Outline

- Open Science?
- Principles of Semantic web and Linked Open Data
- (TEI) to LOD
- SPARQL demo
- Exercice

#### From OA to OS

- Open Access: free and persistant access to research data and publications
- Open Data: files made publicly available by official organisms for re-use
- Open Process: right to openly observe the underlying data and workflows of research projects
- **Open Science**: free and persistent access to research data with the right to observe openly these data with digital tools.
- Open Science = Open Access + Open Process

## The information pyramid



#### The semantic web

- A parallel web, that differs from the original web by the kind of knowledge presented and accessed.
- The knowledge found on the SW is formal knowledge with:
  - a machine readable notation;
  - a formal syntax;
  - a formal semantics with inference mechanisms.
- The SW started as a vision by Tim Berners-Lee.
   The vision became true via Linked Data.

#### LOD

**Open Data + Linked Data** 

=

**Linked Open Data** 

#### Linked Data

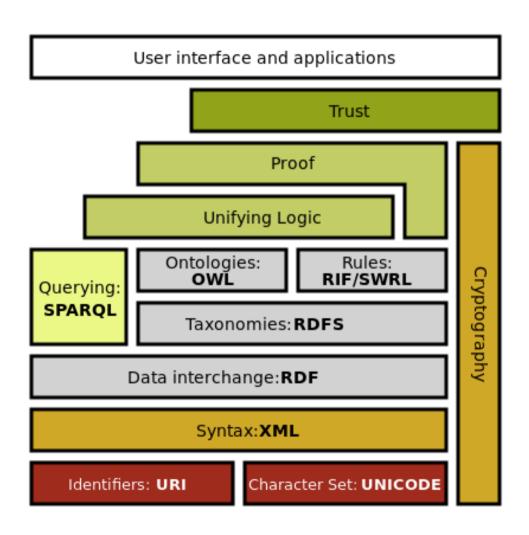
- Design principles for sharing machine-readable interlinked data on the Web:
  - Name resources with unique identifiers (URIs);
  - Use the architecture of the web to get some information about these resources (Http);
  - Use a standard model to give info about these resource (RDF).

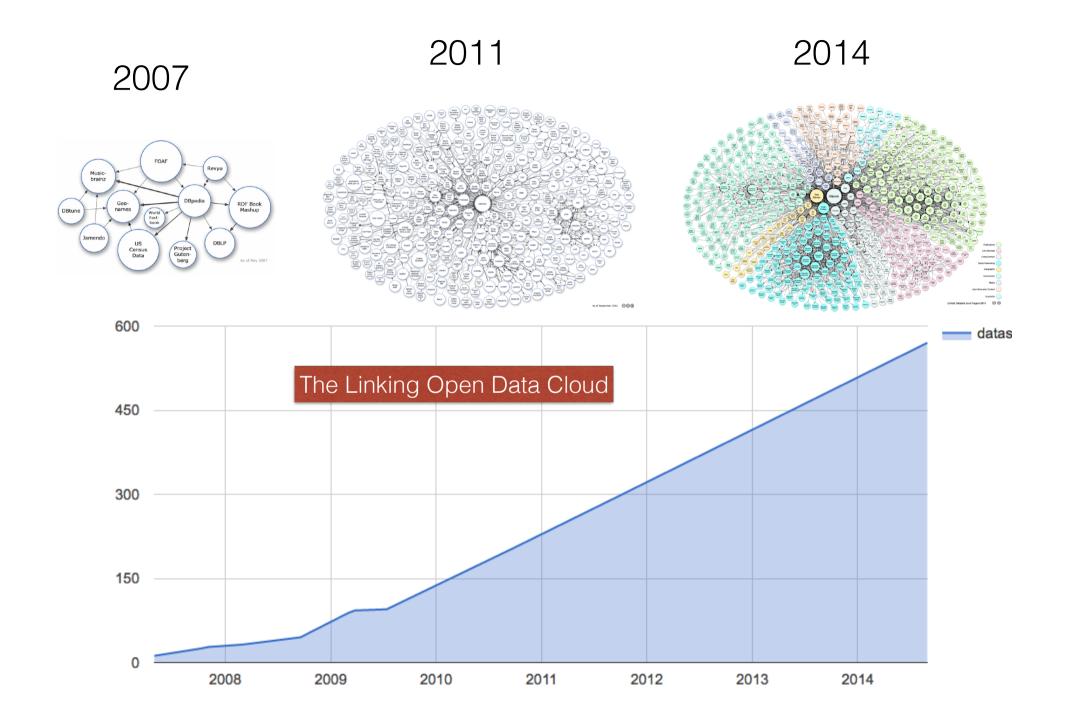


## In practice

http://has-winter-school/missing-link/exercice/poem **RESOURCE REPRESENTATION** Metadata Poem « North of Everywhere » Content-type:application/xhtml+xml Data represents <!DOCTYPE html SYSTEM "http:// www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1transitional.dtd"> <a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/">http://www.w3.org/1999/</a> xhtml"> <head> <title>North of Everywhere</title> </head> <body> (...)

# The semantic web « standards stack »





#### RDF

- RDF = « Resource Description Framework »
- RDF is a way of expressing some information about identified things (resources) with very simple sentences.

### RDF sentences = « triples »

- A triple is the minimal building block of RDF. It is composed of:
  - 1. a subject, identifying the resource the statement is about;
  - 2. a predicate, that identifies a property of the subject;
  - 3. an **object**, identifying the resource linked to the subject by the property.







Helen Mort

is the author of « North of everywhere »



link









Helen Mort

is the author of « North of everywhere »

subject

**Predicate** 

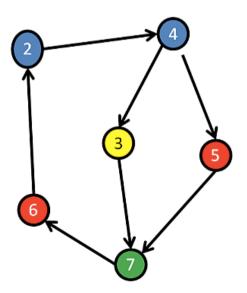




The object of the triple can also be a « literal »

## a graph model

- Characteristics:
  - relations are part of the data;
  - each triple is autonomous, complete, persistant;
  - a distributed model.



#### TEI to LOD

```
<titleStmt>
    <title>North of Everywhere</title>
    <author ref="http://dbpedia.org/resource/Helen_Mort">Helen Mort</author>
</titleStmt>
```

the text represented in the TEI document has a title

The title of the text is the string « North of Everywhere »

Helen Mort is the author of the text

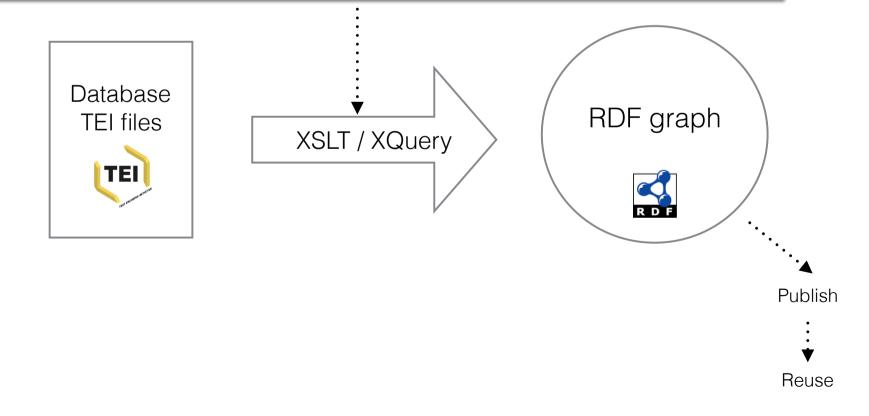
#### TEI to LOD

« Hermaness » is the english name of a place

This place is identified by the URI « http://dbpedia.org/page/Hermaness »

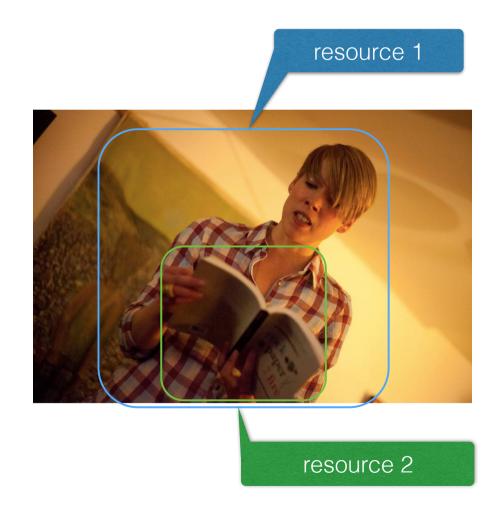
## The magic

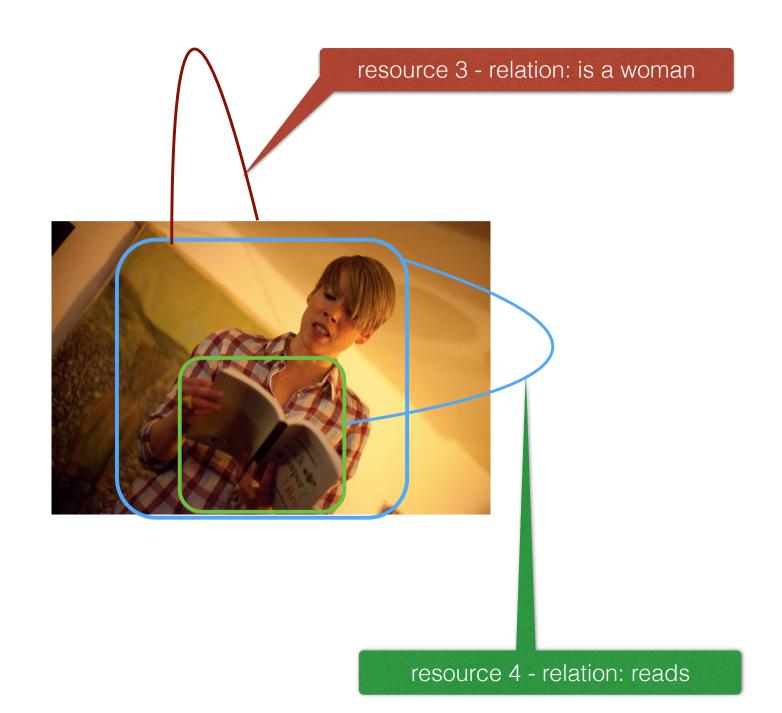
Some implicit simple sentences in the TEI structure that might interest a given audience or be useful for some automatic treatment are selected and « repackaged » in RDF with a transformation language...



# Representation requires 2 steps

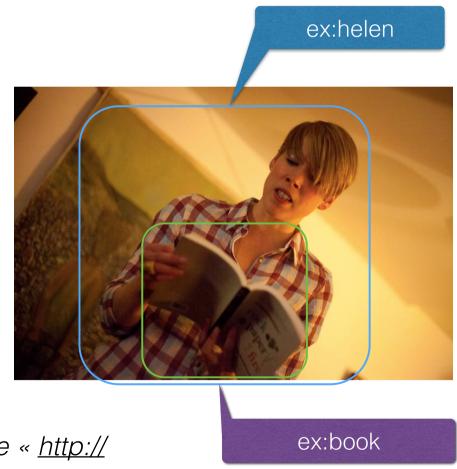
- Step 1: Conceptualisation
  - a point of view on the reality represented oriented by our goals
  - here we have 2 individuals : a woman and a book



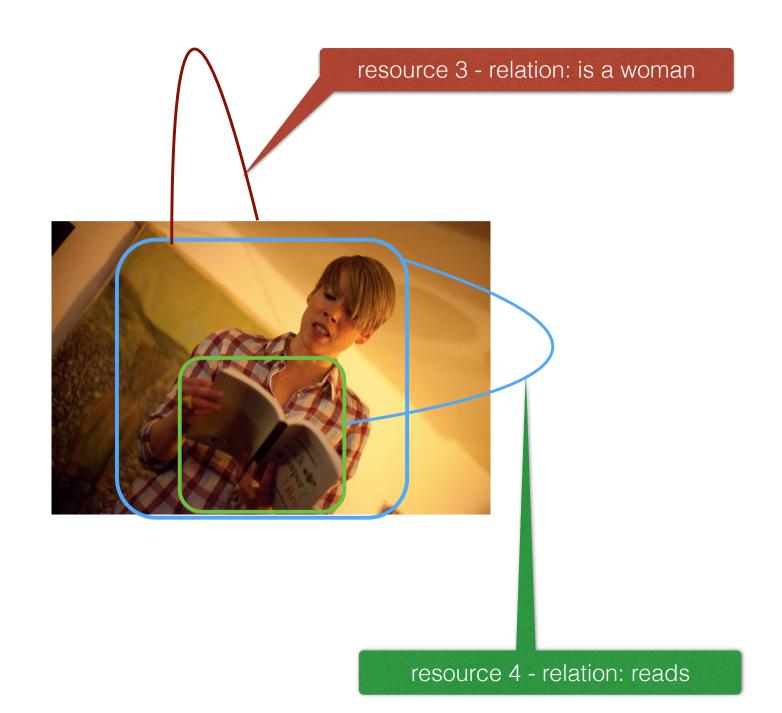


# Representation requires 2 steps

- Step 2: Language selection
  - the terms (URI and literals)
  - a syntax



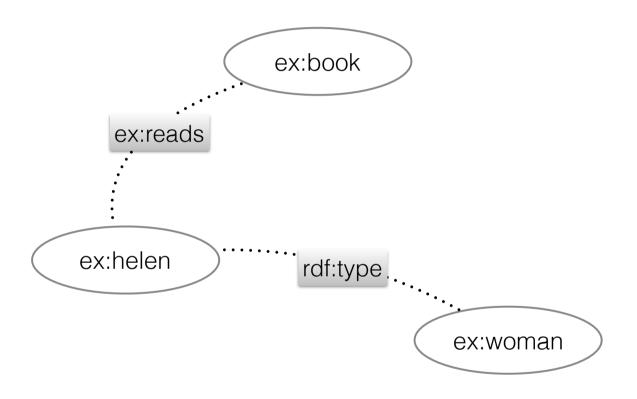
ex: abbreviates our namespace « <a href="http://www.example.org">http://www.example.org</a>»



#### connexions

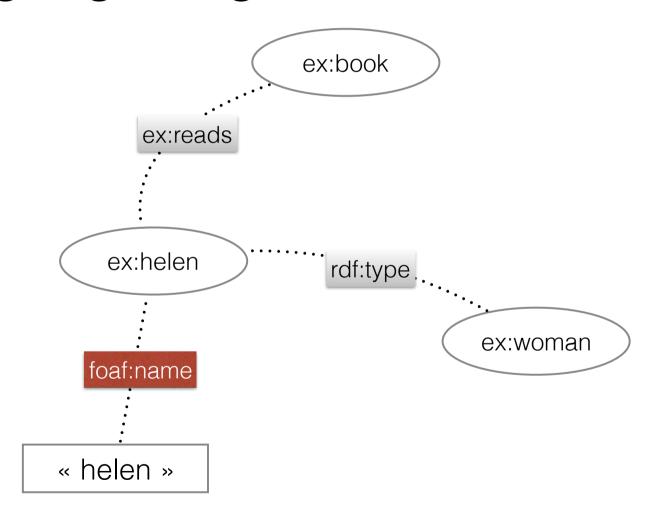
- Pairs of resources are connected by the binary relation they belong in:
  - ex:helen ex:reads ex:book
- Unitary relations are connected to a class:
  - ex:helen rdf:type ex:woman

#### a set of RDF triples is a graph



ex:helen ex:reads ex:book ex:helen rdf:type ex:woman

## Literals to associate a natural language fragment to a resource



### Linked Open Vocabularies

- Definition
- Common vocabularies : foaf, dc:terms
- Ontology: one example (LAWD)

## all you need is LOV:)



https://lov.okfn.org/dataset/lov/

#### In LOV at a glance

TERMS

#### **About LOV**

Vocabularies describe and link Data on the Web

Vocabularies are also data

Quality vocabularies are in LOV

LOV provides sustainable resources

Contribute, join the community

#### **LOV Features**

**Vocabulary Documentation** 

**Data Access** 

**Vocabulary Search Engine** 

#### Application Ecosystem

Applications using LOV

**Useful Related Applications** 

#### Acknowledgements







#### **Historical Creators**





#### **About: Helen Mort**

An Entity of Type: personne, from Named Graph: http://dbpedia.org, within Data Space: dbpedia.org

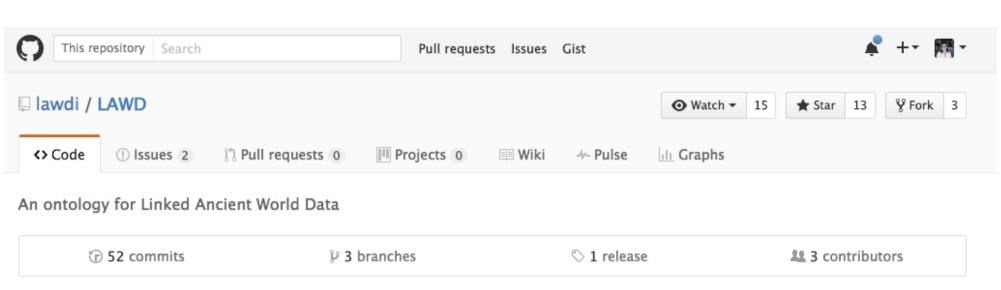
Helen Mort is a poet born in Sheffie Gregory Award from The Society o 2010, she became the youngest e shortlisted for the Picador Prize an

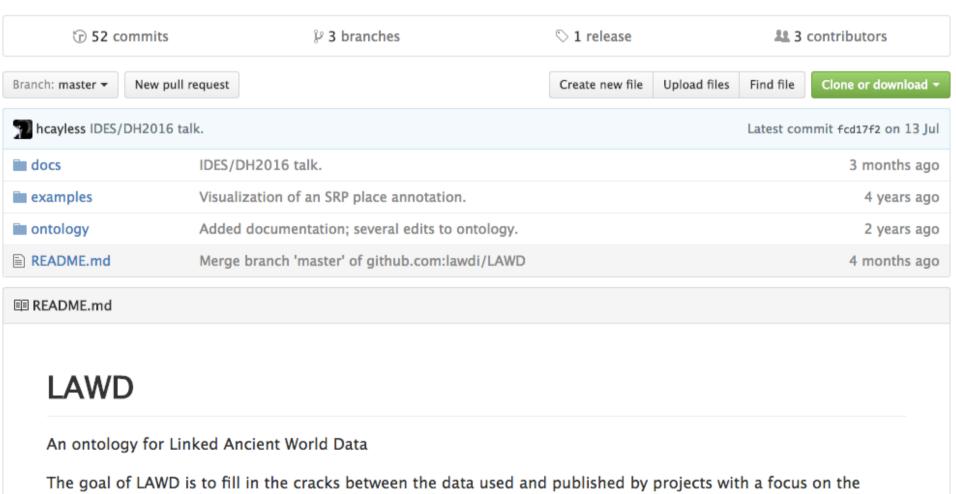
Property		Val
dbo:abstract	•	Hel Aw you wo 201 Car Sci Blo Chr forr she Wri as and Por
dbo:birthDate	•	198
dbo:birthYear	•	198
dbo:wikiPageExternalLink	•	http
dbo:wikiPageID	•	418
dbo:wikiPageRevisionID	•	684
dbp:dateOfBirth	•	198
dbp:name	•	Mo
dbp:shortDescription	•	Pot
dc:description	:	Por
dat:subject	:	dba dba

rdfs:comment	<ul> <li>Helen Mort is a poet born in Sheffield in 1985. S         Award from The Society of Authors in 2007 and youngest ever poet in residence at The Wordsw won the Norwich Café Writers' Poetry Competit     </li> </ul>
rdfs:label	■ Helen Mort (en)
owi:sameAs	<ul> <li>freebase:Helen Mort</li> <li>wikidata:Helen Mort</li> <li>dbpedia-wikidata:Helen Mort</li> <li>yago-res:Helen Mort</li> </ul>
prov:wasDerivedFrom	<ul><li>wikipedia-en:Helen_Mort?oldid=684960554</li></ul>
foaf:givenName	■ Helen (en)
foaf:homepage	<ul> <li>http://www.helenmort.com/</li> </ul>
foaf:isPrimaryTopicOf	<ul><li>wikipedia-en:Helen_Mort</li></ul>
foaf:name	<ul><li>Helen Mort (en)</li><li>Mort, Helen (en)</li></ul>
foaf:Surname	Mort (en)
is foaf:primaryTopic of	<ul><li>wikipedia-en:Helen_Mort</li></ul>

### LAWD

- Linking Ancient World Data
- LAWD is designed to be a *minimal* ontology for connecting vocabularies useful in describing data concerning the ancient world.





### LAWD

#### namespace:

http://lawd.info/ontology/

#### prefixes:

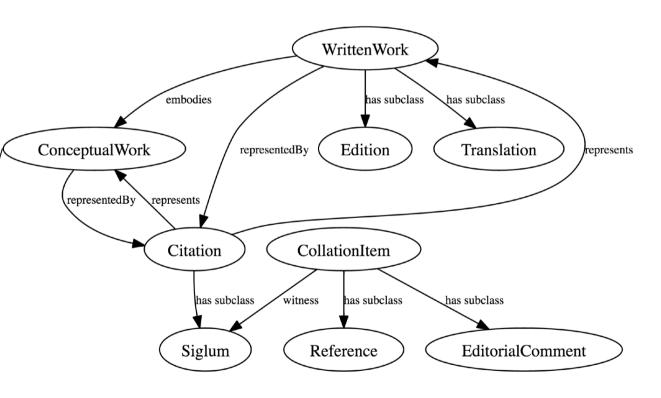
 dc: http://purl.org/dc/ elements/1.1 (Dublin Core Elements)

dct: http://purl.org/dc/terms/(Dublin Core Terms)

 crm: http://www.cidoccrm.org/cidoc-crm/ (CIDOC Conceptual Reference Model)

• geo: http://geovocab.org/ spatial# (GeoVocab.org)

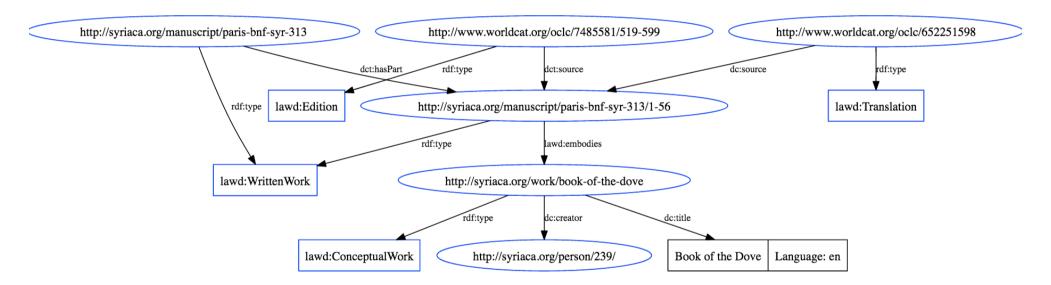
prov: http://www.w3.org/ns/ prov# (PROV-O, the Provenance ontology)



```
<!-- http://lawd.info/ontology/hasCitation -->
```

<owl:ObjectProperty rdf:about="http://lawd.info/ontology/hasCitation">
 <rdfs:comment xml:lang="en">Indicates a Citation that contains the
 source for a lawd:Attestation</rdfs:comment>
 <rdfs:range rdf:resource="http://lawd.info/ontology/Citation"/>
 <rdfs:domain rdf:resource="http://lawd.info/ontology/EvidentiaryItem"/>
 </owl:ObjectProperty>





#### Namespaces:

lawd: http://lawd.info/ontology/1.0/dc: http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/dct: http://purl.org/dc/terms/

```
@prefix srp: <http://syriaca.org/> .
@prefix lawd: <http://lawd.info/ontology/1.0/> .
@prefix oclc: <http://www.worldcat.org/oclc/> .
@prefix dc: <http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/> .
@prefix dct: <http://purl.org/dc/terms/> .
```



# SRP identifies a CanonicalWork with "work/book-of-the-dove"

- # of which SRP's person/239 (Bar Hebraeus) is the author
- # and of which the English title is "Book of the Dove"

<srp:work/book-of-the-dove> a lawd:ConceptualWork;
 dc:creator <srp:person/239/> ;
 dc:title "Book of the Dove"@en .

# SRP identifies a Manuscript with "manuscript/paris-bnf-syr-313"

# which supports (i.e., carries, physically contains) something of interest at a

<srp:manuscript/paris-bnf-syr-313> a lawd:WrittenWork;
 dct:hasPart <srp:manuscript/paris-bnf-syr-313/1-56>.

# SRP says the thing of interest at that range is a Text

# which embodies Bar Hebraeus' work book of the dove, as defined above

<srp:manuscript/paris-bnf-syr-313/1-56> a lawd:WrittenWork ;
 lawd:embodies <srp:work/book-of-the-dove> .

# OCLC/Worldcat identifies something that contains an edition of that Text

<oclc:7485581/519-599> a lawd:Edition :

dct:source <srp:manuscript/paris-bnf-syr-313/1-56>.

#How do we indicate an ecclectic edition? How would we indicate an edition with so many MSS that we don't want to indicate them all. Could this just point to the work instead?

# OCLC/Worldcat identifies something that is a translation of that Text

<oclc:652251598> a lawd:Translation ;
dc:source <srp:manuscript/paris-bnf-syr-313/1-56> .

# Do we need to distinguish Modern translation and ancient version? Can we show the language of the translation? Contact GitHub API Training Shop Blog About © 2016 GitHub, Inc. Terms Privacy Security Status Help

# SRP says the thing of interest at that range is a Text

# which embodies Bar Hebraeus' work book of the dove, as defined above

<srp:manuscript/paris-bnf-syr-313/1-56> a lawd:WrittenWork ;
 lawd:embodies <srp:work/book-of-the-dove> .

#### **SCTA Search**

Search for a resource of the selected type whose title contains the search term(s)

For example to search a quotation used in a commentary or text that contains the word "fides", select "quotation" and the search for "fides
Quotation
) Item
Question Title
Commentary
) Name
) Work

Book

Distinction

type search text here

Valider

Or Perform custom SPARQL Query

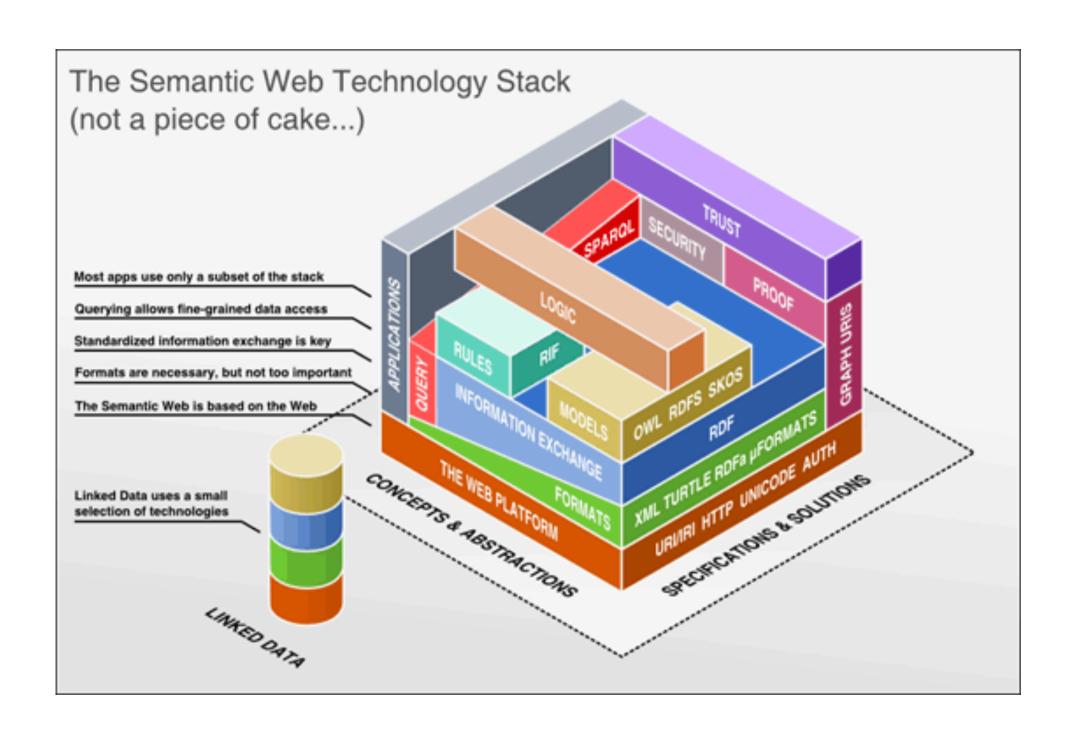
```
PREFIX xsd: <a href="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
PREFIX rdf: <a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>

SELECT ?s ?p ?o
WHERE {
    ?s ?p ?o
}
LIMIT 1000
```

Valider

## Recap

- LOD enhances data created in digital humanities projects and scholarly editions You can publish and consume LOD at the same time.
- You can build your ontology (knowledge base of the relations between resources) just by building on existing ontologies and filling the gaps.
- The syntax and the way you express triple is a technical issue. What counts for you as designers of « information artifacts » is the data model. It is fully an editorial task.
- Understanding how your digital humanities publications can connect with other databases in the LOD world can influence the way you define your choice of tags...
- From the same TEI collection of files, you can extract several different datasets. There might be a task for continuous re-purposing of exposed RDF data...
- Nonetheless, to meet the founders expectations concerning re-use, the data must be well documented, which means documented in with information useful for research uses. That's where TEI and its rich expression capabilities becomes a key asset.



http://fr.dbpedia.org/sparql

demo

« Thank you »

@emma\_morlock

### Exercice

Look at your texts with LOD in mind:

- Work in small groups
- Choose a corpus (your project / postcards from Letters 1916)
- Identify one dataset that you would like to:
  - ✓ publish as LOD
  - √ and/or
  - √ re-use as LOD
- Use the MVP canvas to test the idea from an « information designer » point of view

# Letters of 1916 A Year in the Life

- The Letters of 1916 project is the first public humanities project in Ireland. It is creating a crowd-sourced digital collection of letters written around the time of the Easter Rising (1 November 1915 31 October 1916).
- Proposed selection of postcards:
  - http://letters1916.maynoothuniversity.ie/explore/letters/43
  - http://letters1916.maynoothuniversity.ie/explore/letters/73
  - http://letters1916.maynoothuniversity.ie/explore/letters/84
  - http://letters1916.maynoothuniversity.ie/explore/letters/95
  - http://letters1916.maynoothuniversity.ie/explore/letters/2362



### Minimum Viable Product

- @lissijean: « The smallest work you can do to test your product »
- Philosophy:
  - validate before building
  - focus on problems, not features



#### **The Business Model Canvas**

Designed for:

Designed by:

Date:

Version:

Key Partners

Key Activities

Value Propositions

Customer Relationships

**Customer Segments** 

Key partners

Key activities **Value** proposition \*User relationships \*Target audience

Key Resources



Key resources Channels



**Channels** 

Cost Structure





Revenue Streams



\*Revenue/retribution







DESIGNED BY: Business Model Foundry AG The makers of Business Model Generation and Strategycer

### Useful links

- Dbpedia example: http://dbpedia.org/resource/Helen\_Mort
- https://lov.okfn.org/dataset/lov/
- http://www.foaf-project.org/
- http://dublincore.org/documents/2012/06/14/dcmi-terms/?
   v=terms





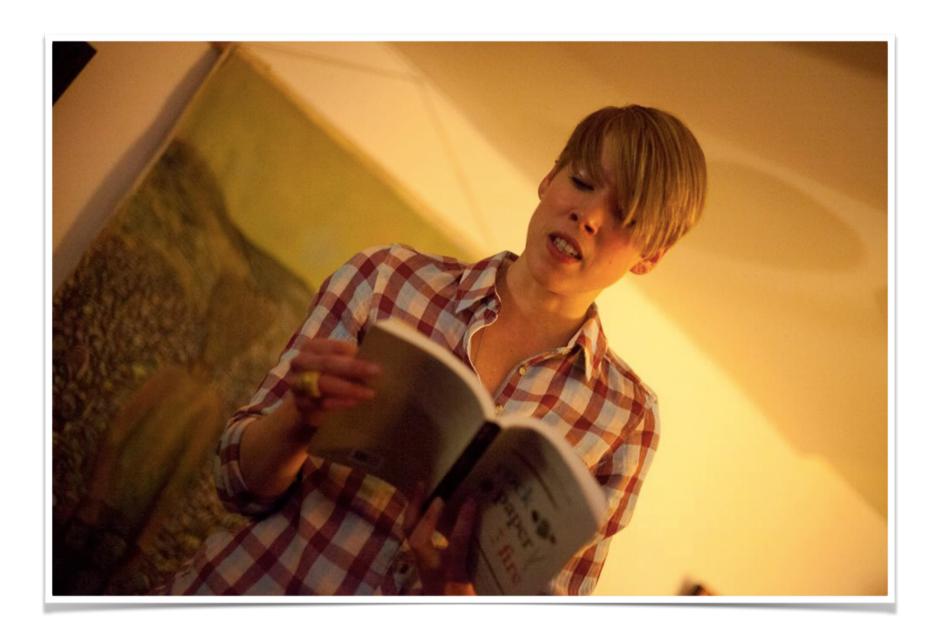
Basic exploration of a RDF graph with simple SPARQL queries





#### Introduction

Example representation of RDF triples



### 2 assertions

<Helen> <reads> <a book>

<Helen> <is> <a woman>

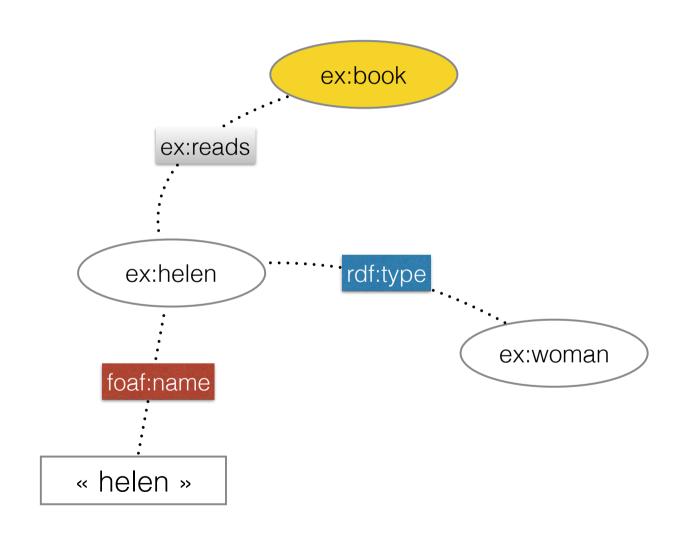
## 2 RDF triples

PREFIX ex: <a href="http://www.example.org">http://www.example.org</a>

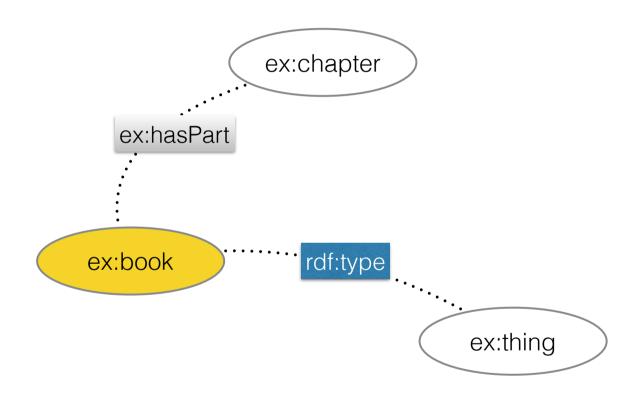
ex:helen ex:reads ex:book

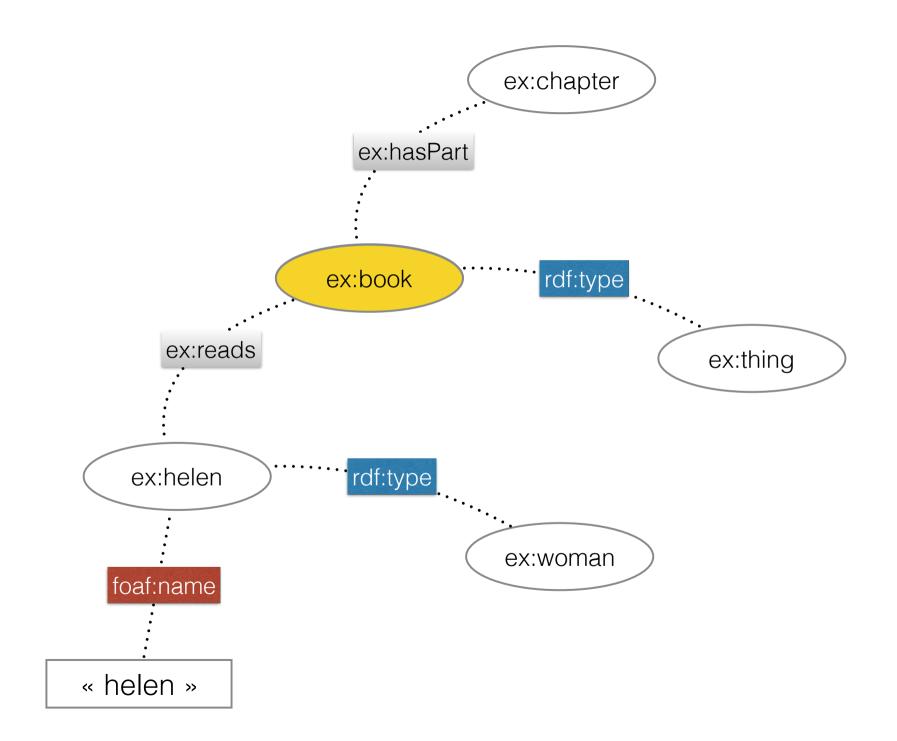
ex:helen rdf:type ex:woman

## Graph representation

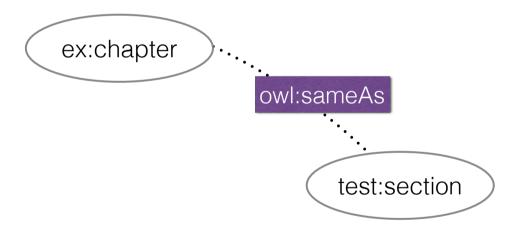


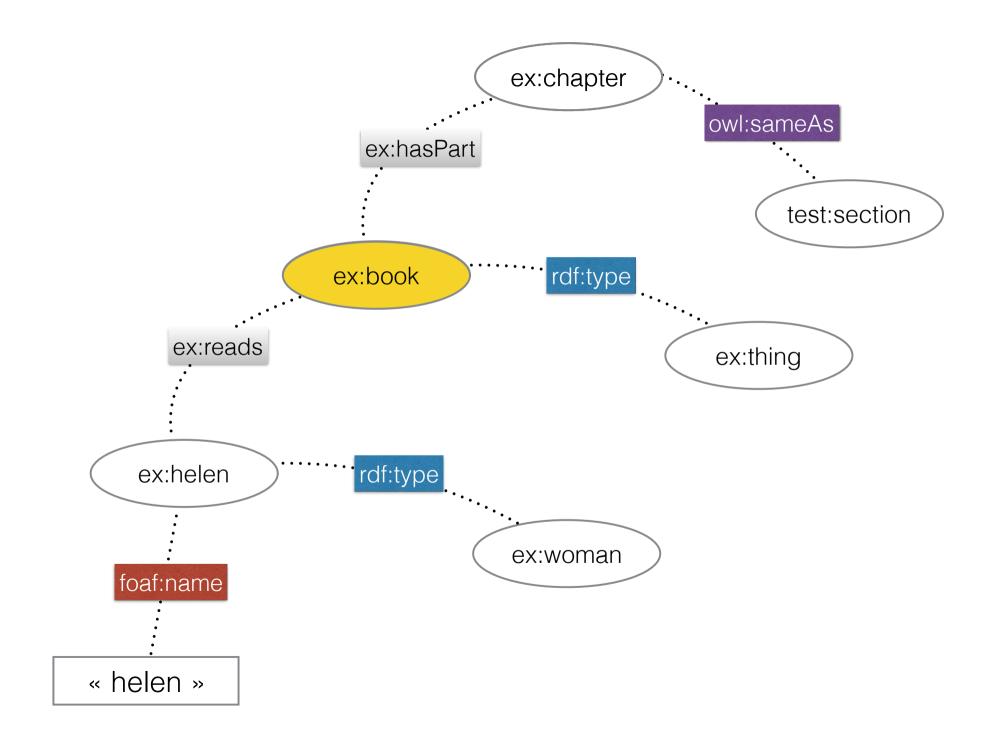
## Another RDF triple





## Another RDF triple





#### Demo

http://dbpedia.org/sparql

### SPARQL

Simple Protocol

And

Query Language

## Query structure

- SELECT distinct \* == select all resources
- WHERE { } == the query
- LIMIT, GROUP BY, ORDER BY...

# Variables as in a Fill-in-the-Blank exercice -1

\_\_\_\_is a woman

# Variables as in a Fill-in-the-Blank exercice - 2

WHERE {?s rdf:type ex:woman }

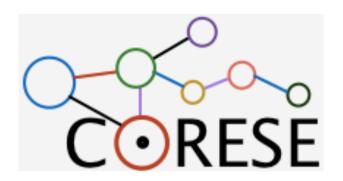
Virtuoso SPARQ	L Query Editor
Default Data Set Name http://dbpedia.org	(Graph IRI)
Query Text	
select distinct ?Co	ncept where {[] a ?Concept} LIMIT 100
(Security restrictions of this se	erver do not allow you to retrieve remote RDF data, see details.)
Results Format:	HTML ‡
Execution timeout:	30000 milliseconds (values less than 1000 are ignored)
Options:	✓ Strict checking of void variables   Log debug info at the end of output (has no effect on some queries and output formats)
(The result can only be sent b	pack to browser, not saved on the server, see details)
Run Query Reset	
V.Eb.	Copyright © 2016 OpenLink Software

## Simple Queries 1

- Find resource with the english label « Prague »
- Find all the properties of this resource
- Find the types of this resource
- Choose a type
- Find the resources with the type

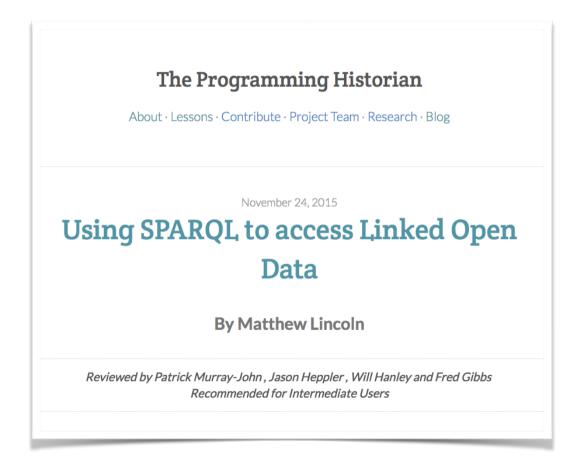
## Simple Queries 2

- select distinct \* where {?s rdfs:label "Prague"@en} LIMIT 100
- select distinct \* where {<http://dbpedia.org/resource/ Hanlin,\_Burma> ?p ?o} LIMIT 100
- select distinct \* where {<http://dbpedia.org/resource/Prague> rdf:type ?o} LIMIT 100
- select distinct \* where {?s rdf:type <http://dbpedia.org/ontology/ PopulatedPlace>} LIMIT 1000



- Simple inference in action with Corese, a Semantic Web Factory (triple store & SPARQL endpoint) implementing RDF, RDFS, SPARQL 1.1 Query & Update, developed by INRIA
- http://wimmics.inria.fr/corese
  - tutorial: <a href="http://wimmics.inria.fr/node/34">http://wimmics.inria.fr/node/34</a>
  - Linked Data Navigator using Corese and SPARQL Template TransformationLanguage: <a href="https://corese.inria.fr/">https://corese.inria.fr/</a>

## Further reading



http://programminghistorian.org/lessons/graph-databases-and-SPARQL#searching-rdf-with-sparql